

September 7, 2016

Annie Godfrey, Chief Water Quality Standards Section U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Region 4 61 Forsyth Street, SW Atlanta, GA 30303

RE:

Proposed Amendment of Regulation 61-68, *Water Classifications and Standards*Preliminary Review Copy (not for final Agency action)
2016 Triennial Review (State of South Carolina)

Dear Ms. Godfrey:

The South Carolina Department of Health and Environmental Control (DHEC) initiated the regulation development process by issuing a Notice of Drafting, which was published in the State Register on February 26, 2016. Following an initial comment period, DHEC staff met with stakeholders on June 22, 2016, to discuss the Notice of Drafting and to receive targeted stakeholder input regarding the issues. Subsequently, the enclosed DHEC Board Agenda Item, which will be presented to the Board September 8, 2016, summarizes the proposed amendments to Regulation 61-68. We are projecting this will be published in the State Register in September 2016 for a formal comment period. Following this, legislative review is projected to occur in early 2017.

DHEC has proposed to amend R.61-68 APPENDIX, Water Quality Numeric Criteria for the Protection of Aquatic Life and Human Health Priority Toxic Pollutants and Non Priority Pollutants. The proposed revised language is added to reflect the EPA's most recent recommendations and guidance concerning ambient water quality criteria for the protection of human health for ninety-four chemical pollutants and concerning aquatic life water quality criteria for cadmium. This package is provided for a preliminary EPA review prior to formal submission of the Triennial package.

In response to your letter of November 13, 2015, we offer the following comments.

Recreational Criteria (SB Waters)

The EPA published updated recommended recreational water quality criteria on November 26, 2012. The Department has previously adopted enterococci criteria including a geometric mean (GM) of 35/100 mL and a single sample maximum of 104/100 mL for shellfish harvesting waters (SFH) and Class SA saltwaters (SA). The Department's current enterococci criteria for Class SB saltwaters (SB) include a GM of 35/100 mL and a single sample maximum of 501/100 mL.

EPA's 2012 recommended Recreational Water Quality Criteria are expressed as statistical values requiring a minimum sample size necessary for these calculations to be statistically valid and meaningful due to the variability of bacteria in the environment. Our typical instream data collection frequency (typically once every two months) does not lend itself to having sufficient samples in the same 30-day interval to provide a meaningful assessment of the statistical threshold value (STV) value. We would also note that the present R.61-68 bacteriological standards update in mid-2012 was finalized after an extensive assessment beginning in 2008 involving many stakeholders and a significant expenditure of manpower.

The incorporation of a STV into the State's Water Quality Standards in place of our current single sample maximum for SB waters is not being considered at the present time. The enclosed Assessment of Estuary Enterococcus Data indicates a single sample maximum of 501/100 mL is less than the 99th percentile of samples analyzed.

Ammonia Criteria

The Department is reviewing the updated recommended ammonia criteria. The 2013 updated criteria (CMC = 17 μ g/L, CCC = 1.9 μ g/L) are more stringent than the previously published 1999 criteria (CMC – 24 μ g/L, CCC = 4.5 μ g/L). The Department is collecting more information in order to make an informed decision regarding the adoption of the updated ammonia criteria. At this time, the Department has made a decision to not proceed with an update to ammonia criteria during this triennial review to better evaluate a targeted adoption strategy verses one criteria statewide.

Selenium Criteria

On July 13, 2016, EPA published recommended aquatic life ambient water quality criteria for selenium in freshwater. The Department is currently reviewing the recently published recommended criteria and will consider adoption during the next triennial review.

Human Health Updates

The Department proposes amending the text of Regulation 61-68 APPENDIX, Water Quality Numeric Criteria for the Protection of Aquatic Life and Human Health to include the updated criteria for the ninety-four chemical pollutants.

Nutrient Development

The Department completed the process of promulgating numeric nutrient criteria for lakes of forty acres or more in 2001. These lake standards are implemented with TMDLs and permit limits on dischargers to protect those downstream uses (lakes).

The Department has a phased nutrient promulgation schedule to focus initially on criteria for estuaries and then develop criteria for rivers and streams. The Department tentatively plans to move forward with numeric nutrient criteria for estuaries during 2017 (for the next Triennial cycle) and will address rivers and streams during the subsequent triennial review period. The reason for focusing initially on criteria for estuaries is that we believe we have gathered substantial data to support that effort and this data is currently lacking to support the development of nutrient criteria for rivers and streams. This

phased approach is part of the State's Adoption Plan for Numeric Nutrient Water Quality Criteria 2014, which is consistent with the CWA was approved by the EPA Region 4 on August 31, 2016.

EPA Regulation Revisions (40 CFR Part 131)

The Department has reviewed Water Quality Standard Regulatory Revisions and determined that no changes to Regulation 61-68 are necessary to be consistent with EPA's new regulation.

Flow as a Water Quality Standard

South Carolina, under the South Carolina Surface Water Withdrawal, Permitting Use, and Reporting Act, effective January 1, 2011, has already set protective stream flow criteria and a permitting program for water withdrawals and uses of surface waters. This has previously been addressed within the scope of Regulation 61-119, Surface Water Withdrawal, Permitting, and Reporting. Therefore, the Department is not proposing changes currently.

Should you have any questions please contact Michael Montebello (montebmj@dhec.sc.gov) at (803) 898-4228.

Sincerely,

David G. Baize, Chief Bureau of Water

Enclosures:

as stated

cc:

Lydia Mayo, EPA (with enclosure)

Ann Clark, DHEC Jeff deBessonet, DHEC Michael Montebello, DHEC Andrew Edwards, DHEC

Assessment of Estuary Enterococcus Data

All data used for this assessment were downloaded from STORET and includes all data collected from all SA, SB, and SFH waters between the dates of January 1, 2013 to December 31, 2014, excluding beach monitoring data. We do not feel that beach monitoring data is an accurate representation of coastal estuaries that are inland of the oceans. If a value was reported from the lab as "Present Below Quantification Limit" the result value was changed to 10/100 mL. Only one value was reported from the lab as "Present Above Quantification Limit". This value was changed to the maximum value in the dataset of 3390/100 mL. This is the most conservative approach when calculating percentiles. A total of 1207 records were included in the dataset.

Percentile (%)	Value (MPN/100 mL)
75	30
80	35
90	84
95	153.6
99	510.56

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND ENVIRONMENTAL CONTROL

SUMMARY SHEET

September 8, 2016

- (x) ACTION/DECISION
- () INFORMATION

I. TITLE:

Proposed Amendment of Regulation 61-68, Water Classifications and Standards

Legislative Review Required

II. SUBJECT:

Request Initial Approval to Publish a Notice of Proposed Regulation in the State

Register to Provide Opportunity for Public Comment

III. FACTS:

- 1. Regulation 61-68 was promulgated pursuant to S.C. Code Section 48-1-10 et seq. R.61-68 establishes appropriate goals and water uses to be achieved, maintained, and protected; general rules and water quality criteria to protect classified and existing water uses; and an antidegradation policy to protect and maintain the levels of water quality necessary to support and maintain those existing and classified uses. In accordance with Section 303(c)(2)(B) of the Federal Clean Water Act ("CWA"), the Department reviews, and amend at its discretion, this regulation once every three years in order to incorporate desirable most recently published Federal criterion recommendations and guidance. Hence, this review process is often referred to as the "triennial review."
- 2. A Notice of Drafting was published in the State Register on February 26, 2016, initiating the regulation development process. The Department emailed the details to interested parties, as well as placed the notice on the Department's website encouraging submittals for the formal comment period and providing contact information. The interested parties included, but were not limited to, representatives of environmental associations; trade, industrial, agricultural, and forestry organizations; public health, scientific, and professional groups; other Federal, State and local government agencies, and members of the general public. A copy of this Notice is submitted as Attachment F.
- 3. On June 22, 2016, the Department met with stakeholders to discuss the Notice of Drafting and to receive stakeholder input regarding the issues. The Department presented the proposed adoption of human health water quality criteria from EPA. General discussion continued and stakeholders were encouraged to provide written comments regarding the Department proposals.
- 4. The Department proposes that the amendment of R.61-68 will strengthen and improve the existing regulation and make appropriate revisions of the State's water quality standards in accordance with Section 303(c)(2)(B) of the CWA. The issues specifically addressed in the proposed revisions are:
 - Issue 1: Adoption of federal ambient water quality criteria for the protection of human health for ninety-four chemical pollutants;

Issue 2: Adoption of federal aquatic life water quality criteria for cadmium.

- A Table of Revisions and the Text of the Proposed Amendment are submitted as Attachments B and C.
- The proposed amendment was internally reviewed by appropriate Department staff for compatibility with other regulations.
 - A Summary of Public Comments and Department Responses is submitted as Attachment E.
- 8. Department staff is requesting initial approval to public notice the proposed regulation. If approval is granted, a Notice of Proposed Regulation will be published in the State Register on September 23, 2016; a proposed Staff Information Forum will be held on October 24, 2016; and a public hearing before the DHEC Board will be scheduled for December 8, 2016. A draft State Register Notice of Proposed Regulation is submitted as Attachment D.
- IV. ANALYSIS: The Department proposes these amendments in accordance with 33 U.S.C. Section 303(c)(2)(B) of the CWA. The proposed changes to the regulation include the following:
- The proposed changes to R.61-68 relating to the adoption of the ambient water quality criteria for the protection of human health for ninety-four chemical pollutants as published by EPA are based on sound scientific principles and are required in order to comply with the goals of 33 U.S.C. Sections 101(a)(2) and 303(c) of the Clean Water Act for protection and maintenance of the uses of the waters of the State. Adoption of this standard will use the most up-to-date science for these standards.
- The proposed changes to R.61-68 relating to the adoption of the aquatic life water quality criteria for cadmium as published by EPA are based on sound scientific principles and are required in order to comply with the goals of 33 U.S.C. Sections 101(a)(2) and 303(c) of the Clean Water Act for protection and maintenance of the uses of the waters of the State. Adoption of this standard will use the most up-to-date science for these standards.

A Statement of Need and Reasonableness and a Statement of Rationale is submitted as Attachment A.

V. RECOMMENDATION: Department staff recommends that the Board grant approval to publish a Notice of Proposed Regulation in the State Register, hold a Staff Informational Forum on October 24, 2016, to provide opportunity for public comment, to receive and consider comments, and allow staff to proceed with a public hearing before the Board.

Submitted by:

Submitted by:

David Baize

Chief, Bureau of Water

Director of Environmental Affairs

Attachments:

- Statement of Need and Reasonableness and Statement of Rationale A.
- B. Table of Revisions
- C.
- D.
- E.
- Text of Proposed Amendment of R.61-68

 Draft of State Register Notice of Proposed Regulation

 Summary of Public Comments and Department Responses

 State Register Notice of Drafting published on February 26, 2016 F.

ATTACHMENT A STATEMENT OF NEED AND REASONABLENESS STATEMENT OF RATIONALE PROPOSED AMENDMENT OF R.61-68, WATER CLASSIFICATIONS AND STANDARDS September 8, 2016

Statement of Need and Reasonableness:

The statement of need and reasonableness was determined by staff analysis pursuant to S.C. Code Ann. Section 1-23-115(C)(1)-(3) and (9)-(11) (2005):

DESCRIPTION OF REGULATIONS: Amendment of Regulation 61-68, Water Classifications and Standards.

Purpose: Proposed amendment of R.61-68 will clarify, strengthen, and improve the overall quality of the existing regulation and make appropriate revisions of the State's water quality standards in accordance with 33 U.S.C. Section 303(c)(2)(B) of the Federal Clean Water Act ("CWA").

Legal Authority: 1976 Code Sections 48-1-10 et seq.

Plan for Implementation: The proposed amendments would be incorporated within R.61-68 upon approval of the General Assembly and publication in the State Register. The proposed amendments will be implemented in the same manner in which the present regulation is implemented.

DETERMINATION OF NEED AND REASONABLENESS OF THE PROPOSED REGULATIONS BASED ON ALL FACTORS HEREIN AND EXPECTED BENEFIT:

The Department proposes these amendments in accordance with 33 U.S.C. Section 303(c)(2)(B) of the CWA. The proposed amendments to R.61-68 include the following:

- Modification and adoption of federal ambient water quality criteria for the protection of human health for ninety-four chemical pollutants to reflect the most current final published criteria in accordance with Sections 304(a) and 307(a) of the CWA. This modification amends R.61-68 APPENDIX, Water Quality Numeric Criteria for the Protection of Aquatic Life and Human Health Priority Toxic Pollutants and Non Priority Pollutants.
- Modification and adoption of federal aquatic life water quality criteria for cadmium to reflect the most current final published criteria in accordance with Sections 304(a) and 307(a) of the CWA. This modification amends R.61-68 APPENDIX, Water Quality Numeric Criteria for the Protection of Aquatic Life and Human Health Priority Toxic Pollutants.

The proposed changes to R.61-68 relating to human health criteria and cadmium criteria are reasonable because the stated criteria in the amendments are based on sound scientific principles and comply with the goals of 33 U.S.C. Sections 101(a)(2) and 303(c) of the CWA for protection and maintenance of the uses of the waters of the State. These changes reflect the EPA's most recent criteria.

DETERMINATION OF COSTS AND BENEFITS: Existing staff and resources will be utilized to implement these amendments to the regulation. No anticipated additional cost will be incurred by the State if the revisions are implemented, and no additional State funding is being requested.

In reviewing the potential for significant economic impact of the proposed amendment to R.61-68, the Department specifically evaluated situations in which costs would most likely be incurred by the regulated community. These estimates addressed the specific revisions by issue after determining those of greatest potential impact. The Department found that the overall impact to the State's political subdivisions or the regulated community as a whole was not likely to be significant in that the existing standards would have incurred similar cost or the fact that the standards required under the amendment will be substantially consistent with the current guidelines and review guidelines utilized by the Department.

UNCERTAINTIES OF ESTIMATES: Minimal.

EFFECT ON ENVIRONMENT AND PUBLIC HEALTH: Implementation of these amendments will not compromise the protection of the environment or the health and safety of the citizenry of the State. The amendments to R.61-68 seek to promote and protect aquatic life and human health by the regulation of pollutants into waters of the State.

DETRIMENTAL EFFECT ON THE ENVIRONMENT AND PUBLIC HEALTH IF THE REGULATIONS ARE NOT IMPLEMENTED: Failure by the Department to incorporate appropriately protective water quality standards in R.61-68 that are the basis for issuance of National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System ("NPDES") permits, stormwater permits, wasteload and load allocations, groundwater remediation plans, and multiple other program areas will lead to contamination of the waters of the State with detrimental effects on the health of flora and fauna in the State as well as the citizens of South Carolina.

Statement of Rationale:

The Department proposes to amend R.61-68 to strengthen and improve the existing regulation and make appropriate revisions of the State's water quality standards in accordance with 33 U.S.C. Section 303(c)(2)(B) of the Federal Clean Water Act ("CWA"). In accordance with Section 303(c)(2)(B) of the CWA, the Department reviews, and amends at its discretion, this regulation once every three years in order to incorporate desirable most recently published Federal criterion recommendations and guidance. Hence, this review process is often referred to as the "triennial review." The Department proposes to adopt a revised standard for ambient water quality criteria for the protection of human health for ninety-four chemical pollutants, and a revised standard for aquatic life water quality criteria for cadmium to reflect the most current final published criteria in accordance with Sections 304(a) and 307(a) of the CWA.

ATTACHMENT B TABLE OF REVISIONS PROPOSED AMENDMENT OF R.61-68, WATER CLASSIFICATIONS AND STANDARDS September 8, 2016

Note: The sections cited in this listing reflect the sections as they are numbered in the overstrike/underline version of Attachment C in the Board agenda item and are listed by issue. We do not specify any revised numbering after the addition or deletion of text, but will note those changes in the text in Attachment C of the Board agenda item. Each regulation is listed separately below.

Section Citation and Explanation of Change

 Revision of Federal toxics criteria to reflect the most current final published criteria in accordance with Sections 304(a) and 307(a) of the CWA.

R.61-68 APPENDIX, Water Quality Numeric Criteria for the Protection of Aquatic Life and Human Health Priority Toxic Pollutants and Non Priority Pollutants - The proposed revised language is added to reflect the EPA's most recent recommendations and guidance concerning ambient water quality criteria for the protection of human health for ninety-four chemical pollutants and concerning aquatic life water quality criteria for cadmium.

ATTACHMENT C TEXT OF PROPOSED AMENDMENT OF R.61-68, WATER CLASSIFICATIONS AND STANDARDS September 8, 2016

Text of Proposed Amendment for Public Notice and Comment

Indicates Matter Stricken Indicates New Matter

R.61-68 APPENDIX, Water Quality Numeric Criteria for the Protection of Aquatic Life and Human Health

Amend Priority Toxic Pollutants in its entirety to read:

APPENDIX: WATER QUALITY NUMERIC CRITERIA FOR THE PROTECTION OF AQUATIC LIFE AND HUMAN HEALTH

This appendix contains three charts (priority pollutants, nonpriority pollutants, and organoleptic effects) of numeric criteria for the protection of human Footnotes specific to each chart follow the chart. General footnotes pertaining to all are at the end of the charts prior to the attachments. The numeric health and aquatic life. The appendix also contains three attachments which address hardness conversions and application of ammonia criteria. criteria developed and published by EPA are hereby incorporated into this regulation. Please refer to the text of the regulation for other general information and specifications in applying these numeric criteria.

PRIORITY TOXIC POLLUTANTS

			eli I vitano A restourtenen		Saltwater Aquatic Life		Human Health			ED Cite/	
		_	Freshwater At	†						FR CINE	
Priority	Priority Pollutant	CAS					For Consumption of:	on of:		Source	
			CMC	CCC (ma/L)	CMC (ug/L)	CCC (Hg/L)	Water &	Organism	MCL	\$400 to 1000	
	=						Organism (µg/L)	Only (µg/L)	(µg/L)		
-		7440360					5.6 B, ce	640 B, ce	9	65FR66443 SDWA	
-	Antimony								•	65FR31682	
,	Arsenic	7440382	340 A.D.K	150 A. D. K	69 A. D. Y	36 A. D, Y	10 C	10 c	10 c	SDWA	
4									4	65FR31682	
,	Beryllium	7440417					J. ce	J. cc	+ 8	SDWA	
0									v	65FR31682 81FR 9176	9176
,		7440439	0.53 0.49	0.10 0.25	43.33	9.3 7.9	J, ec	J, cc	n 8	SDWA	
4	Cadmium	(Charles)	D, E, #.Y	D. E. 46 X	i.i.				1001	EPA820/B-96-001	
ů	Chromium [I]	16065831	580 D.E.K	28 D.E.K			J, ce	J, ce	100 losa ce	SDWA	
Ja									1001	65FR31682	
i	į	18540299	16	Ξ,	1,100	50 D.Y	J, ce	1, ce	100 lotal	SDWA	
.5b	Chromium vi	10201001	D. K	U, N						KSFR31682	
	-	7440508	3.8	2.9	5.8	3.7 D.Z. Y. cc	1,300 T. ee				
٥	Copper		D, E, K, Z, II	D, E, N, C, II	0,4,1,50						

	1			ı	ı	1	1		Ĭ	1	1	ı			
		FR Cite/ Source		65FR31682	65FR31682	65FR31682	65FR31682 65FR66443	SDWA 65FR31682	68FR75510	SDWA 65FR31682	65FR66443 EPA820/B-96-001 57FR60848 68FR75510 80FR36986	SDWA 57FR60848	State Standard	3DWA 74FR27535 80FR36986	74FR46587 65FR66443 80FR36986
			MCL	(нg/L)	6 8		50		2	2	200	7 million fibers/L	30ppq 0.0		
	垣	ption of:	Organism Only	(µg/L)	0.051 B, cc	4, 600	4,200		0.47	26,000	140 400		0.046 ppq o, c	9 400	0.25 7.0 B. C
	Human Health	For Consumption of:	Water & Organism	(HB/L)	0.050 B. ee	610 B 2	170 2, ce		0.24	7,400 T ~	40 4 cc, jj			6.3 c. m	0.051 0.061 B.C
	Saltwater Aquatic Life	۲	(µg/L)	8.5 D, Y	1.1 D, bb, dd	8.3 D.Y	71 D, an			86 D.Y	1 P, Y				
	Saltwater A	O.W.	(µg/L)	220 D. Y	2.1 D. bb, dd	75 D. Y	290 D, aa	2.3 D.G		95 D, Y	1 P. Y				
8	Freshwater Aquatic Life	222	(µg/L)	0.54 D, E, Y	0.91 D, K, dd	16 D.E.K	5.0 s			37 D, E, K	5.2 K. P			3	
	Freshwat	CMC	(µg/L)	14 D.E.Y	1.6 D, K, dd	150 D. E. K	L.Q.S	0.37 D. E. G		37 D, E, K	22 K. P			3	
	CAS	Number		7439921	7439976	7440020	7782492	7440224	7440280	7440666	57125	1332214	1746016	107028	107131
		Priority Pollutant		Lead	Mercury	Nickel	Selenium	Silver	Thallium	Zinc	Cyanide	Asbestos	2, 3, 7, 8-TCDD (Dioxin)	Acrolein	Acrylonitrile
	į	Priorit		7	8	6	01	Ξ	12	13	14	15	16	11	18

			Freshwater	Freshwater Aquatic Life	Saltwater Aquatic Life	puatic Life	Human Health			FR Cite/
Priority	Priority Pollutant	CAS					For Consumption of:	on of:		Source
			CMC (µg/L)	CCC (ng/L)	CMC (µg/L)	CCC (hg/L)	Water & Organism	Organism Only	MCL (ue/L)	
							(नाता)	(TAN)		IRIS 01/19/00
19	Benzene	71432					3,2 0.58 B, C,hh	サード 19, C店	0	SDWA
		1,000,1464							10 c	SDWA
20	Bromate	15541454					4.3 7.0 B, C	140 120 B, C	80 Total THMs C	65FR66443 <u>80FR36986</u> SDWA
21	Вготогт	75751							60 Total HAA5	SDWA
22	Bromoacetic acid	79083								65FB66443
23	Carbon Tetrachloride	56235					0.23 0.4 B, C	4.6 <u>5</u> B, C	0 0	SDWA
		10727			2000				100	SDWA
24	Chlorite	0/491					130 100	1,600 800 T. ee	100 T. ce	68FR75510 80FR36986 SDWA
25	Chlorobenzene	108907					3 1	10.01	90 Total THMs	65FR66443 80FR36986
26	Chlorodibromomethane	124481	· ·				0.40 0.80 B, C	H321 B,C	SU TOTAL ITHMS	SDWA
7.0	Chloroform	67663					8, C, 14	470 2,000 B, C,-Ht	80 Total THMs C	62FR42160 80FR36986 SDWA
i 8	piac citation and a	631641							60 Total HAA5 C, mm	SDWA
07 07	Diolomorcac acta	70736			15				60 Total HAA5 C,mm	SDWA
\	Dichloroacetic acid	00467					0,55 0.95 B, C	47 <u>27</u> 8, c	80 Total THMs C	65FR66443 80FR36986 SDWA
30	Dichlorobromomethane	+1751								

	:	CAS	Freshwate	Freshwater Aquatic Life	Saltwater Aquatic Life	Human Health	th		
РПО	Priority Pollutant	Number	CMC	222		For Consumption of:	ption of:		FR Cite/ Source
an l			(µg/L)	(μg/L)	(µg/L) (µg/L)	Water & Organism	Organism Only	MCL	
31	:					(µg/L)	(µg/L)	(µg/L)	
10	1, 2-Dichloroethane	107062				0.38 <u>9.9</u> B, C	37 <u>650</u> B, C	5 0	65FR66443 80FR36986
32	1, 1-Dichloroethylene	75354				330 300	7,190	7.	68FR75510 80FR36986
33	1, 2-Dichloropropane	78875				06.0 05.0	15 31	, v	5DWA 65FR66443 <u>80FR36986</u> SDWA
34	1, 3-Dichloropropene	542756				0.34 <u>0.27</u>	B, C	U	200704140 0132C0189
35	1					8	8		961-K-33-10 801-K-36986
6	Ethylbenzenc	100414				530 <u>68</u>	2,100 130 e	700	68FR75510 80FR36986
36	Methyl Bromide	74839				47 100	005'1		65FR66443 80FR36986
7						B	10,000 B, ec		
6	Methylene Chloride	75092				4.6 20 B, C	590 1,000 B, C	5 0	65FR66443 80FR36986
38	Monochloroacetic acid	79118						60 Total HAA5	SDWA
39	1, 1, 2, 2- Tetrachloroethane	79345				0.17 0.20	4.0 3.0 B. C	С.пп	65FR66443 80FR36986
40	Tetrachloroethylene	127184				0.69 10	3.3 29	S	65FR66443 80FR36986
41	Toluene	108883				L,300 57	15,000 520	1,000	SDWA 68ED25510 SOED25065
	1					8	8	. 8	SDWA
42	1,2-1 rans- Dichloroethylene	156605				140 100	4,000	100 ce	68FR75510 80FR36986 SDWA
							8		

		23)	Frechwater	Freshwater Aquatic Life	Saltwater Aquatic Life	atic Life	Human Health			FR Cite/	
			Testimate				For Consumption of:	jo!		Source	
onty	Priority Pollulant	Number		J	CMC	222					
			CMC (µg/L)	(µg/L)	(μg/L)	(µg/L)	Water &	Organism	MCL		
							Organism (µg/L)	(µg/L)	(µg/L)		
				ν.					60 Total HAA5 C,nun	SDWA	
43	Trichloroacetic acid	79039						000	000	3003c drag co. 1 c care.	
	1 1 T. Taklomethane	71556		auri estis .		×	10,000 4, cc	200,000 4, ee	007 500	65FK3168-2 8UFK30200 SDWA	
4	1, 1, 1-11101101000000000000000000000000		237				0.59 0.55	16 8.9 B.C	5 0	65FR66443 <u>80FR36986</u> SDWA	_
45	1, 1, 2-Trichloroethane	79005					B, C	702	8	65FR66443 80FR36986	
46	Trichloroethylene	79016					2.5 <u>0.6</u> c	7 000	٠, ٥	SDWA	
		75014					0.025 0.022	2.4 1.6 kk	200	68FR75510 80FR36980 SDWA	
47	Vinyl Chlonde	11007					8+ 30	008 051		65FR66443 80FR36986	vol.
48	2-Chlorophenol	95578					B. T. cc	B, 1, cc		809E0HU0 C44250HU03	
		120033			27		47 10 8 T.ee	290 <u>60</u> B, T, cc		63FK06-117 0011X-0700	
49	2, 4-Dichlorophenol	120032						000 2 000		65FR66443 80FR36986	9
50	2. 4-Dimethylphenol	105679					380 100 B, T, ee	8, T, cc			
	2-Methyl- 4, 6-	125725			,		13 2	280 <u>30</u>		65FR66443 80FR36986	el
7.	Dinitrophenol						01 69	5,300 300		65FR66443 80FR36986	91
52	2, 4-Dinitrophenol	51285					B, ce	В, се		65FR31682	,
2	Pentachlorophenol	87865	19 P, K	15 F.K	13 Y	7.9 Y	0.27 <u>0.03</u> B, C	3.0 0.04 B, C, H	- 0	SDWA	21
54	Phenol	108952					10,000 4,000 T, cc, nn	860,000 300,000 T. cc. nn		74FR27535 74FR46587 80FR36986	8

	FR Cite/ Source	ism	(μg/L) (μg/L)	2.4 2.8 B.C.T	990 90 65FR66443 80FR36986	000	6.00020 6.5FR66443 <u>80FR36986</u>	18 65FR66443 80FR36986	18 0.2 65FR66443 80FR36986	C .	113	65FR66443 80FR36986			.37 6 65FR66443 <u>80FR36986</u> C SDWA
Human Health	For Consumption of:	ay E	(µg/L) (µg	1.4 1.5 2.4 B.C. # B.C	670 70	21	3086 314		8.C 8.C 9.018 0.0001		B.C B,C	0.0038 0.012 0.01		200	1.2 0.32 2.2 0.37 B, C B, C
Saltwater Aquatic Life		(µg/L) (µg/L)													>
Freshwater Aquatic Life	CMC CCC	(µg/L) (µg/L)													>
CAS	Number			88062	83329	120127	92875	56553	50328	205992		207089	111444	109801	117817
	rnority Pollutant			2, 4, 6-Trichlorophenol	Acenaphthene	Anthracene	Benzidine	Benzo (a) Anthracene	Benzo (a) Pyrene	Benzo (b) Fluoranthene		Benzo (k) Fluoranthene	Bis-2-Chloroethyl Ether	Bis-2 Chloroisopropyl Ether Bis(2-Chloro-1- Methylethyl) Ether	Bi s2-Ethylhexyl Phthalate (DEHP) Bis-2- Ethylhexyl Phthalate
Dron	Hony			55	56	57	58	59	09	19		62	63	64	99

			Freshwater /	Freshwater Aquatic Life	Saltwater Aquatic Life	uatic Life	Human Health			FR Cite/	
Priority Pollutant	ant	CAS				CONTRACTOR OF THE PROPERTY OF	For Consumption of:	n of:		Source	
			CMC (µg/L)	CCC (hg/L)	CMC (µg/L)	CCC (hg/L)	Water & Organism	Organism Only (ug/L)	MCL (µg/L)		
		100	:=	is	18	:=	1,500 0,10	의		65FR66443 80FR36986	9869
ğ 'ğ	Butylbenzene Phthalate	83087					1,000 800 B. ce	1,600 1,000 B. cc		65FR66443 80FR36986	9869
<u>ئ</u> ا ي	2-Ciliotonaphinacine	218019					0,0038 <u>0,12</u> B. C	0.018 0.13 B.C		65FR66443 80FR36986	9869
1 5	Cimysene Dibenzo(a h) Anthracene	53703					0.00012 B. C	0.00013 B, C		65FR66443 80FR36986	9869
	1 2-Dichlorobenzene	95501					420 1.000	1,300 3,000	009	68FR75510 80FR36986 SDWA	98699
	17.00	1821731					320 Z	960 10		65FR66443 80FR36986	98698
<u> </u>	1, 3-Diemoroenzene	106467					6 3 300	006 001	75 re	68FR75510 80FR36986 SDWA	98698
	1, + Distinctional dine	91941					0.021 0.049 B. C	0.028 <u>0.15</u> 8.c		65FR66443 80FRB6986	36986
6 B	5, 5 - Diction of the late.	84662	:=	:=	=	а	17,000 600 B, ee	44,000 600 B, ce		65FR66443 80FRB6986	36986
	Dimethyl Phthalate	13113		щ		а	270,000 2,000 B, ce	1,100,000 2,000 B. cc		65FR66443 <u>80FR36986</u>	98698
2	in-huryl Phthalate	84742	:=	ia.	ıa	:=	2,000 20 B, cc	4,500 30 B, cc		65FR66443 <u>80FR36986</u>	386986
ء (5	A Dinitrotolliene	121142					0.11 0.049 c	3.4 1.7 C		65FR66443 80FR36986	386980
1											

		CAS	Freshwate	Freshwater Aquatic Life	Saltwater Aquatic Life	Human Health	th		
Pnon	Priority Pollutant	Number	CMC	כככ	CMC	For Consumption of:	otion of:		FR Cite/ Source
			(µg/L)	(µg/L)	(нg/L) (нg/L)	Water & Organism	Organism Only	MCL	
78	1, 2-Diphenylhydrazine	122667	_			0.036 0.03	0.20	(HB)-(HB)-(HB)-(HB)-(HB)-(HB)-(HB)-(HB)-	65FR66443 <u>80FR36986</u>
79	Fluoranthene	206440				130 20	140 <u>20</u>		65FR66443 <u>80FR</u> 36986
80	Fluorene	86737				1,100 <u>50</u>	8,300 70		65FR66443 <u>80FR36986</u>
81	Hexachlorobenzene	118741				0.000079	0.000029 0.000079	- C	65FR66443 <u>80FR36986</u> SDWA
82	Hexachlorobutadiene	87683				0.44 <u>0.01</u>	48 0.01		65FR66443 80FR36986
83	Hexachlorocyclo- pentadiene	77474				404	B, C	50	68FR75510 80FR36986
84	Hexachloroethane	67721				1.4 0.1	3.3 0.1 1.0 E.E.	8	SDWA 65FR66443 80FR36986
85	Indeno 1,2,3(cd) Pyrene	193395	2			0.0038 0.0012	9.018 0.0013		65FR66443 80FR36986
98	Isophorone	78591				35 34	960 1,800		65FR66443 <u>8</u> 0FR36986
87	Nitrobenzene	98953	100000	57		可 4 4	690 600 B H T C		65FR66443 80FR36986
88	N-Nitrosodimethylamine	62759				0.00069 B.C	3.0 B.C		65FR66443

Presidentic Life Sallwater Against Life For Consumption of Grant							1 :5	Human Health			
Number CMC CCC CMC C				Freshwater	Aquatic Life	Saitwaler Aq	nanc circ				FR Cite/
N.Nitrosodi-n- G21647 CCC CNC CN	Priority						000	For Consumptic	n of:		Source
N-Nitrosodi-n- G21647 N-Nitrosodi-n- N-Ni			8 3 3 4 5 5 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7	CMC (µg/L)	ССС (hg/L)	(µg/L)	(µg/L)	Water & Organism	Organism Only (ue/L)	MCL (µg/L)	
Propylamine Ro306	08	N-Nitrosodi-n-	621647					0.0050 B, C	0.51 B, C		65FR66443
Pyrene 129000 Pyrene 129000 Pyrene 129000 Pyrene 129000 Pyrene 129000 Pyrene 120821 Pyrene 120821 Pyrene 120821 Pyrene 120821 Pyrene 120821 Pyrene 120821 Pyrene Pyrene Pyrene 120821 Pyrene P	6 8	Propylamine	86306					3.3 8.C	6.0 B.C		65FR66443
1, 2, 4-Trichlorobenzene 120821 1.3	06 19	Dyrana	129000					830 <u>20</u> B. ce	4,000 <u>30</u> B. ce		65FR66443 80FR36986
Aldrin 30902 G.X	69	1.2.4-Trichlorobenzene	120821					35 <u>0.071</u> ee	70 <u>0.076</u>	70 ce	68FR75510 80FR36986 SDWA
alpha-BHC	93	Aldrin	309002	3.0 G, X		1.3 G.X		0.0000019 0.00000077 B. C	0.00000077 0.00000077 B. C		65FR31682 65FR66443 <u>80FR36986</u>
beta-BHC bet	94	alpha-BHC	319846					0.00036 0.00036 B. C	0.00039 B. C		65FR66443 <u>80FR36986</u>
ganuma-BHC (Lindane) 58899 0.95 0.16 0.16 0.084 1.8 4.4 0.2 Chlordane 58899 0.095 0.0043 0.09 0.004 0.0004 0.00084 0.00084 0.00084 0.00084 0.00084 0.00031 0.00032 2 Chlordane 57749 2.4 0.0043 0.09 0.004 0.00031 0.00032 2 4,4'-DDT 50293 1.1 0.001 0.13 0.001 0.00018 0.000018 0.000018 4,4'-DDE 72559 72559 0.00018 0.000018 0.000018 0.000018 0.000018	80	hera-BHC	319857					0.0080	0.017 0.014 B, C		65FR66443 <u>80FR36986</u>
Chlordane 57749 2.4 0.0043 0.09 0.004 0.00081 2 Chlordane 57749 2.4 0.0043 0.09 0.004 0.00031 0.00032 2 4, 4'-DDT 50293 0.8	;	eamma-BHC (Lindane)	58899	0.95		0.16 G		0.98 4.2	4.8 4.4 cc	0.2 c	65FR31682 68FR75510 80FR36986 SDWA
4, 4'-DDT 50293 1.1 (3.8) (76	Chlordane	57749	4 5.4	0.0043 G,X	0.09 G	0.004 G, X	0.00031 B. C	0.00081 0.00032 B, C	2 2	65FR31682 65FR66443 <u>80FR36986</u> SDWA
4, 4'-DDE 72559 0.000018 0.000018 0.000018 0.000018 0.000018	86	4, 4'-DDT	50293	1.1 G, gg	0.001 G, X, gg	0.13 G. gg	0.001 G, X, gg	0.000030 0.000030 B. C	0.000030 0.000030 B. C		65FR31682 65FR66443 80FR36986
	66	4, 4'-DDE	72559					0.000018 0.000018 B. C	0.000018 0.000018 B.C		65FR66443 80FR36986

		Š	Freshwate	Freshwater Aquatic Life	Saltwater A	Saltwater Aquatic Life	Human Health	ı		
Priorit	Priority Pollutant	Number	CMC	S	CMC	טטט	For Consumption of:	tion of:		FR Cite/ Source
			(µg/L)	(µg/L)	(µg/L)	(µg/L)	Water & Organism (ug/L)	Organism Only	MCL	
100	4, 4'-DDD	72548					0.00012 0.00012 B.C	0.00012 B. C	(z.dd)	65FR66443 80FR36986
101	Dieldrin	60571	0.24 K	0.056 K, N	0.71 G	0.0019 g.x	0.0000012 B.C	0.0000012 0.0000012 B. C		65FR31682 65FR66443 80FR36986
102	alpha-Endosulfan	986656	0.22 G. W	0.056 G. W	0.034 G, W	0.0087 G, W	62 20 B, cc	89 30 B, ce		65FR31682 65FR66443 ROFF 36986
103	beta-Endosulfan	33213659	0.22 G. w	0.056 g, w	0.034 G, W	0.0087 g, w	6 <u>2 20</u> B, ce	89 40 B. ce		65FR31682 65FR66443 80FR36986
104	Endosulfan Sulfate	1031078					6 <u>2</u> 20 B, cc	89 40 B, ce		65FR31682 65FR66443 80FR36986
105	Endrin	72208	0.086 K	0.036 K, N	0.037 G	0.0023 G, X	0.03 ee	0,060 0.03	61 83	68FR75510 80FR36986 SDWA
106	Endrin Aldehyde	7421934					0.29 <u>1</u> B. cc	0.30 <u>1</u> B. H. ee		65FR66443 <u>80FR36986</u>
107	Heptachlor	76448	0.52 G	0.0038 G,X	0.053 G	0.0036 G, X	0.0000059 0.0000059 B. C	0.000079 0.0000059 B. C	0,4 C	65FR31682 65FR66443 80FR36986 SDWA
108	Heptachlor Epoxide	1024573	0.52 G, U	0.0038 G. U. X	0.053 G, U	0.0036 G. U. X	0.000039 0.000032 B, C	0.000039 0.000032 B. C	0.2 C	65FR31682 65FR66443 80FR36986 SDWA
109	Polychlorinated Biphenyls PCBs	-		0.014 M. X		0.03 M. X	0.000064 B, C, M	0.000064 B, C, M	0.5 c	65FR31682 65FR66443 SDWA

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Footnotes:

- and arsenic (V) for five species and the ratios of the SMAVs for each species range from 0.6 to 1.7. Chronic values are available for both arsenic (III) and arsenic (V) for one This water quality criterion was derived from data for arsenic (III), but is applied here to total arsenic, which might imply that arsenic (III) and arsenic (V) are equally toxic to species; for the fathead minnow, the chronic value for arsenic (V) is 0.29 times the chronic value for arsenic (III). No data are known to be available concerning whether the aquatic life and that their toxicities are additive. In the arsenic criteria document (EPA 440/5-84-033, January 1985), Species Mean Acute Values are given for both arsenic (III) toxicities of the forms of arsenic to aquatic organisms are additive. Y
 - This criterion has been revised to reflect The Environmental Protection Agency's q1* or RfD, as contained in the Integrated Risk Information System (IRIS) as of May 17, 2002. The fish tissue bioconcentration factor (BCF) from the 1980 Ambient Water Quality Criteria document was retained in each case. B
- This criterion is based on carcinogenicity of 10-6 risk. As prescribed in Section E of this regulation, application of this criterion for permit effluent limitations requires the use U
- Policy and Technical Guidance on Interpretation and Implementation of Aquatic Life Metals Criteria", October 1, 1993, by Martha G. Prothro, Acting Assistant Administrator for Water, available from the Water Resource center, USEPA, 401 M St., SW, mail code RC4100, Washington, DC 20460; and 40CFR§131.36(b)(1). Conversion Factors can be Freshwater and saltwater criteria for metals are expressed in terms of total recoverable metals. As allowed in Section E of this regulation, these criteria may be expressed as criteria expressed in terms of total recoverable metal, and multiplying it by a conversion factor (CF). The term "Conversion Factor" (CF) represents the conversion factor for converting a metal criterion expressed as the total recoverable fraction in the water column to a criterion expressed as the dissolved fraction in the water column. (Conversion Factors for saltwater CCCs are not currently available. Conversion factors derived for saltwater CMCs have been used for both saltwater CMCs and CCCs). See "Office of Water dissolved metal for the purposes of deriving permit effluent limitations. The dissolved metal water quality criteria value may be calculated by using these 304(a) aquatic life annual average flow or comparable tidal condition as determined by the Department. found in Attachment 1 - Conversion Factors for Dissolved Metals.
- The freshwater criterion for this metal is expressed as a function of hardness (mg/L) in the water column. The value given here corresponds to a hardness of 25 mg/L as expressed as CaCO3. Criteria values for other hardness may be calculated from the following: CMC (dissolved) = exp(mA [ln(hardness)]+ bA) (CF), or CCC (dissolved) = exp(mc [ln (hardness)]+ bc] (CF) and the parameters specified in Attachment 2 - Parameters for Calculating Freshwater Dissolved Metals Criteria That Are Hardness-Dependent. As noted in footnote D above, the values in this appendix are expressed as total recoverable, the criterion may be calculated from the following: CMC (total) = exp{ma [ln(hardness)]+ba}, or $CCC (total) = exp\{mc [ln (hardness)] + bc\}.$
 - Freshwater aquatic life values for pentachlorophenol are expressed as a function of pH, and are calculated as follows: CMC = exp(1.005(pH)-4.869); CCC = exp(1.005(pH)-4.869) L
- This criterion is based on 304(a) aquatic life criterion issued in 1980, and was issued in one of the following documents: Aldrin/Dieldrin (EPA 440/5-80-019), Chlordane (EPA 5.134). Values displayed in table correspond to a pH of 7.8. Ü

- 054), Silver (EPA 440/5-80-071). The Minimum Data Requirements and derivation procedures were different in the 1980 Guidelines than in the 1985 Guidelines. For example, a "CMC" derived using the 1980 Guidelines was derived to be used as an instantaneous maximum. If assessment is to be done using an averaging period, the values given should be 440/5-80-027), DDT (EPA 440/5-80-038), Endosulfan (EPA 440/5-80-046), Endrin (EPA 440/5-80-047), Heptachlor (440/5-80-052), Hexachlorocyclohexane (EPA 440/5-80divided by 2 to obtain a value that is more comparable to a CMC derived using the 1985 Guidelines.
- No criterion for protection of human health from consumption of aquatic organisms excluding water was presented in the 1980 criteria document or in the 1986 Quality Criteria for Water. Nevertheless, sufficient information was presented in the 1980 document to allow the calculation of a criterion, even though the results of such a calculation were not H
 - This criterion for asbestos is the Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL) developed under the Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA) and the National Primary Drinking Water
 - EPA has not calculated a 304(a) human health criterion for this contaminant. The criterion is the Maximum Contaminant Level developed under the Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA) and the National Primary Drinking Water Regulation (NPDWR).
- This criterion is based on a 304(a) aquatic life criterion that was issued in the 1995 Updates: Water Quality Criteria Documents for the Protection of Aquatic Life in Ambient Water, (EPA-820-B-96-001, September 1996). This value was derived using the GLI Guidelines (60FR15393-15399, March 23, 1995, 40CFR132 Appendix A); the difference between the 1985 Guidelines and the GLI Guidelines are explained on page iv of the 1995 Updates. None of the decisions concerning the derivation of this criterion were affected by any considerations that are specific to the Great Lakes.
 - The CMC = 1/[(f1/CMC1) + (f2/CMC2)] where f1 and f2 are the fractions of total selenium that are treated as selenite and selenate, respectively, and CMC1 and CMC2 are 185.9 μg/4L and 12.82 μg/4L, respectively.
 - This criterion applies to total PCBs, (e.g., the sum of all congener or all isomer or homolog or Aroclor analyses.)
- The derivation of the CCC for this pollutant did not consider exposure through the diet, which is probably important for aquatic life occupying upper trophic levels.
 - This state criterion is also based on a total fish consumption rate of 0.0175 kg/day. ZZOLOS
 - This water quality criterion is expressed as ug free cyanide (as CN)/L.
- This value was announced (61FR58444-58449, November 14, 1996) as a proposed GLI 303 I aquatic life criterion,
- This water quality criterion for selenium is expressed in terms of total recoverable metal in the water column. It is scientifically acceptable to use the conversion factor (0.996 -CMC or 0.922 - CCC) that was used in the GLI to convert this to a value that is expressed in terms of dissolved metal.
 - The organoleptic effect criterion is more stringent than the value for priority toxic pollutants.
- This value was derived from data for heptachlor and the criteria document provides insufficient data to estimate the relative toxicities of heptachlor and heptachlor epoxide. There is a full set of aquatic life toxicity data that show that DEHP is not toxic to aquatic organisms at or below its solubility limit.

 - This value was derived from data for endosulfan and is most appropriately applied to the sum of alpha-endosulfan and beta-endosulfan. H D > ≥ ×
- (EPA 440/5-80-027), DDT (EPA 440/5-80-038), Endrin (EPA 440/5-80-047), Heptachlor (EPA 440/5-80-052), Polychlorinated Biphenyls (EPA 440/5-80-068), Toxaphene (EPA 440/5-86-006). This CCC is based on the Final Residue value procedure in the 1985 Guidelines. Since the publication of the Great Lakes Aquatic Life Criteria Guidelines This criterion is based on a 304(a) aquatic life criterion issued in 1980 or 1986, and was issued in one of the following documents: Aldrin/Dieldrin (EPA440/5-80-019), Chlordane in 1995 (60FR15393-15399, March 23, 1995), the EPA no longer uses the Final Residue value procedure for deniving CCCs for new or revised 304(a) aquatic life criteria.
 - This water quality criterion is based on a 304(a) aquatic life criterion that was derived using the 1985 Guidelines (Guidelines for Deriving Numerical National Water Quality Criteria for the Protection of Aquatic Organisms and Their Uses, PB85-227049, January 1985) and was issued in one of the following criteria documents: Arsenic (EPA 440/5-84-033), Cadmium (EPA 440/5-84 032 EPA-820-R-16-002), Chromium (EPA 440/5-84-029), Copper (EPA 440/5-84-031), Cyanide (EPA 440/5-84-028), Lead (EPA 440/5-84-031) 027), Nickel (EPA 440/5-86-004), Pentachlorophenol (EPA 440/5-86-009), Toxaphene, (EPA 440/5-86-006), Zinc (EPA 440/5-87-003).
 - When the concentration of dissolved organic carbon is elevated, copper is substantially less toxic and use of Water-Effect Ratios might be appropriate. aa Z
- The selenium criteria document (EPA 440/5-87-006, September 1987) provides that if selenium is as toxic to saltwater fishes in the field as it is to freshwater fishes in the field, the status of the fish community should be monitored whenever the concentration of selenium exceeds 5.0 µg/L in salt water because the saltwater CCC does not take into account
- This water quality criterion was derived on page 43 of the mercury criteria document (EPA 440/5-84-026, January 1985). The saltwater CCC of 0.025 #12/L given on page 23 of the criteria document is based on the Final Residue value procedure in the 1985 Guidelines. Since the publication of the Great Lakes Aquatic Life criteria Guidelines in 1995 (60FR15393-15399, March 23, 1995), the EPA no longer uses the Final Residue value procedure for deriving CCCs for new or revised 304(a) aquatic life criteria. 99
- This water quality criterion was derived in Ambient Water Quality Criteria Saltwater Copper Addendum (Draft, April 14, 1995) and was promulgated in the Interim Final National ဗ

This water quality criterion was derived from data for inorganic mercury (II), but is applied here to total mercury. If a substantial portion of the mercury in the water column is methylmercury, this criterion will probably be under protective. In addition, even though inorganic mercury is converted to methylmercury and methylmercury bioaccumulates to a great extent, this criterion does not account for uptake via the food chain because sufficient data were not available when the criterion was derived. PP

This criterion is a noncarcinogen. As prescribed in Section E of this regulation, application of this criterion for determining permit effluent limitations requires the use of 7Q10 or comparable tidal condition as determined by the Department. ee

water quality criteria for benzene was derived using a toxicity value equal to the reference dose (RfD) multiplied by the relative source contribution (RSC) for noncarcinogenic Although a new RID is available in IRIS, the surface water criteria will not be revised until the National Primary Drinking Water Regulations: Stage 2-Disinfectants and Disinfection-Byproducts Rule (Stage 2 DBPR) is completed, since public comment on the relative source contribution (RSC) for chloroform is anticipated. This recommended This criterion applies to DDT and its metabolites (i.e., the total concentration of DDT and its metabolites should not exceed this value). 말

effects, or a toxicity value equal to 10-6 divided by the cancer slope factors (CSF) for carcinogenic effects. The EPA selected a CSF range of 1.5 x 10-2 per mg/kg-d to 5.5 x 10-2 per mg/kg-d for benzene based on a 2000 EPA IRIS assessment. In addition to the toxicity value, the EPA considered body weight, drinking water intake, aquatic trophic levels, fish consumption rate, and bioaccumulation factors in the water quality criteria derivation as identified in EPA 820-R-15-009 (June 2015). Based on these factors the EPA identifies a range of recommended benzene criteria in the Ambient Water Quality Criteria Summary (Section 7.3 of EPA 820-R-15-609). The EPA recommends the lower ambient water quality criteria based on the carcinogenic effects of benzene.

'bioavailability' to humans. If a substantial fraction of the cyanide present in a water body is present in a complexed form (e.g., FE4[FE(CN)s]3), this criterion may be overly This recommended water quality criterion is expressed as total cyanide, even though the IRIS RID the EPA used to derive the criterion is based on free cyanide. The multiple forms of cyanide that are present in ambient water have significant differences in toxicity due to their abilities to liberate the CN-moiety. Some complex cyanides require even more extreme conditions than refluxing with sulfuric acid to liberate the CN-moiety. Thus, these complex cyanides are expected to have little or no bioavailability. Although EPA has not published a completed criteria document for phthalate, it is EPA's understanding that sufficient data exist to allow calculation of aquatic life criteria. := :=

This recommended water quality criterion was derived using the cancer slope factor of 1.4 (Linear multi-stage model (LMS) exposure from birth).

This criterion has been revised to reflect the EPA's cancer slope factor (CSF) or reference dose (RfD), as contained in the Integrated Risk Information System (IRIS) as of (Final FR Notice June 10, 2009). The fish tissue bioconcentration factor (BCF) from the 1980 Ambient Water Quality Criteria document was retained in each case. HAA5 means five haloacetic acids (monochloracitic acid, dichloroacetic acid, trichloroacetic acid, bromoacetic acid and dibromoacectic acid). Freshwater copper criteria may be calculated utilizing the procedures identified in EPA-822-R-07-001. шш

R.61-68 APPENDIX, Water Quality Numeric Criteria for the Protection of Aquatic Life and Human Health

Amend Non Priority Pollutants in its entirety to read:

			N	ON PRIOR	NON PRIORITY POLLUTANTS	TANTS				
			Freshwater A	Aquatic Life	Saltwater Aquatic Life	c Life	Human Health			datioS/etio CE
Non Priority Pollutant	llutant	CAS			0,00		For Consumption of:	n of:	Ş	Parison NJ
			CMC (µg/L.)	CCC (μg/L)	(T/åt/)	(Hg/L)	Water & Organism (µg/L)	Organism Only (µg/L)	(µg/L)	
Alachlor									Z W	SDWA
		7664417	ITERIA	ARE pH ANI	ARE pH AND TEMPERATURE DEPENDENT - SEE DOCUMENT FOR DETAILS	E DEPENDENT	. SEE DOCUN	IENT FOR DETA	STI	EPA822-R99-014 EPA440/5-88-004
Ammonia			0	TE STATEME	STATEMENT AND NIMERIC CRITERIA	IC CRITERIA -	- SEE TEXT			Gold Book
Aesthetic Qualities	lities		INARKATII						. W	SDWA
Atrazine			yuda aoz	A TWO CONTA	AND SHELLEISH USES – SEE TEXT	N AND SHELLE	ISH USES – SEI	E TEXT		Gold Book
Bacteria		7440393	rok rkun	THE COLUMN			1,000 A.L		2,000 L	Gold Book
Carbofuran		1563662							40 L	SDWA
Chlorine		7782505	19	=	13	7.5			O	Gold Book SDWA
Chlorophenoxy Herbicide	xy Herbicide	93721					10 100 4. L	400 L	50 L	80FR36986 SDWA
2, 4, 5, -TP Chlorophenoxy Herbicide 2, 4-D	xy Herbicide	94757					100 1,300	12,000 L	70 L	Gold-Book 80FR36986 SDWA
Chlorophyll a	1		NARRATI	VE STATEM	NARRATIVE STATEMENT AND NUMERIC CRITERIA – SEE TEXT	RIC CRITERIA	- SEE TEXT			State Standard
Chloropyrifos	s	2921882	0.083 F	0.041 F	0.011 F	0.0056 F				Gold Book
					22					

	Non Priority Pollutant	CAS	Freshwater	Freshwater Aquatic Life	Saltwater Aquatic Life	atic Life	Human Health			
		Number	CMC	222	CMC	J.)	For Consumption of:	ion of:		FR Cite/Source
			(µg/L)	(µg/L)	(µg/L)	(110/1)			MCL	
						j L	Water & Organism (µg/L)	Organism Only (µg/L)	(µg/L)	
13	Color		NARRATI	VE STATEME	NARRATIVE STATEMENT STATE					
			1	T STATEME	NI - SEE IEAI					State Standard
14	Dalapon	75990							200	SDWA
15	Demeton	8065483		0.1		0.1			1	Gold Book
	12-Dibramo 3			2		1				
16	chloropropane (DBCP)	96128							0.2	SDWA
17	Di(2-ethylhexyl) adipate	103231							£ 500	SDWA
									+00 L	
18	Dinoseb	88857							7	SDWA
19	Dinitrophenols	25550587					0.00	000 1 000 3	1	
							01 de	1,000		65FR66443 80FR36986
20	Nonyiphenol	1044051	28	9.9	7.0	1.7				71FR9337
21	Diquat	85007							20	SDWA
									1	
22	Endothall	145733							100	SDWA
23	Ether, Bis Chloromethyl Bis(Chloromethyl) Ethor	542881					0.00010	0.00029	اد	65FR66443
	Delementalisment culci						0.00015 D, M	D, M		80FR36986

			Conference A	Amatic I ife	Saltwater Aquatic Life	ic Life	Human Health			amino)/etj.	
	Non Priority Pollutant	CAS	riesuwater Adums File				For Consumption of:	n of:		LIN CHESOME	
		Number	CMC (µg/L)	ССС (нg/L.)	CMC (µg/L)	(T/git)	Water & Organism (µg/L)	Organism Only (μg/L)	(µg/L)		1
		156592							70 L	SDWA	1
24	Cis-1, 2-dichloroethylene									P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P	
25	Ethylene dibromide								0.05 M	SDWA	1
26	Fluoride	7681494							4000 L	SDWA	ı
,	Glimbocata	1071836							700 L	SDWA	1
	diyphosaco	86500		10.0		0.01				Gold Book	1
28	Guinion Hexachlorocyclo-hexane-	319868 608731		11			0.0066	0.0414 0.010 L		Gold-Book 80FR36986	1
1	Technical	121755		0.1		0.1			1007	Gold Book	i
30	Malathion	20121		ш		ıı l	0000	000	40	Gold Book	
31	Methoxychlor	72435		0.03 E		0.03 E	404 0.02 A. L	77.77	د :	SDWA	1
32	Mirex	2385855		0.001 E		0.001 E				Gold Book	1
18	Nitrates	14797558					10, 000 L		10, 000 L	SDWA Gold Book	1
3 8	Nitrites	14797650							1,000 L	SDWA	1
;	Total Total		NARRAT	TVE STATEM	NARRATIVE STATEMENT AND NUMERIC CRITERIA - SEE TEXT	ERIC CRITERL	- SEE TEXT			State Standard	1
3	Nitrogen, 10tai				7.0						

	Non Priority Pollutant	٥٩٧	Freshwater	Freshwater Aquatic Life	Saltwater Aquatic Life	atic Life	Human Health			
		Number	CMC	J.J.	CMC	Ç	For Consumption of:	on of:		FR Cite/Source
			(Hg/L)	(L/g/L)	(µg/L)	(µg/L)	Water & Organism (µg/L)	Organism Only (µg/L)	(Hg/L)	
36	Nitrosamines	30000					0.0008	1.24 L		Gold Book
37	Nitrosodibutylamine, N	924163					0.0063	0.22 A.M		65FR66443
38	Nitrosodiethylamine, N	55185					0.0008 A.M.	1.24 A.M		Gold Book
39	Nitrosopyrrolidine, N	930552			E		0.016 M	34 M		65FR66443
4	Oil and Grease		NARRATI	VE STATEME	IVE STATEMENT – SEE TEXT					
14	Oxamyl	23135220							200	Gold Book SDWA
42	Oxygen, Dissolved	7782447	WARMWA K	TER, COLDW	ATER, AND EX	CEPTIONS FO	R NATURAL CO	WARMWATER, COLDWATER, AND EXCEPTIONS FOR NATURAL CONDITIONS - SEE TEXT K	TEXT	Gold Book
43	Diazinon	333415	0.17	0.17	0.82	0.82				71FR9336
4	Parathion	56382	0.065 H	0.013 H						Gold Book
45	Pentachlorobenzene	608935					1.4 <u>0.1</u>	4.5 <u>0.1</u>		65FR66443
46	рН		SEE TEXT							Gold Book
47	Phosphorus, Total		NARRATIV	TE STATEMEN	NARRATIVE STATEMENT AND NUMERIC CRITERIA - SEE TEXT	UC CRITERIA	- SEE TEXT			State Standard State Standard

				3.	Coliminator Amatic Life	- I :6	Human Health			
	Of the second se		Freshwater Aquatic Life	Aduatic Life	Saltwater Aduat	יוב דיווב				FR Cite/Source
	Non Priority Pollutant	CAS			ÚMÚ	(For Consumption of:	Jo t	MCL	
			CMC (µg/L)	CCC	(hg/L)	CCC (hg/L)	Water & Organism (µg/L)	Organism Only (µg/L)	(hg/L)	
		1918021			40 00000000000000000000000000000000000				200	SDWA
48	Picloram									
49	Salinity		NARRATIV	TE STATEME	NARRATIVE STATEMENT - SEE TEXT					Gold Book
50	Simazine	122349							1 T	SDWA
51	Solids, Suspended, and		NARRATIV	/E STATEME!	VT AND NUME	NARRATIVE STATEMENT AND NUMERIC CRITERIA - SEE TEXT	- SEE TEXT			Gold Book State Standard
\$	Styrene	100425							100 L	SDWA
;	Sulfide Hudrogen Sulfide	7783064		2.0		2.0 E				Gold Book
5			MARRATI	I E JE STATEME	NABRATIVE STATEMENT - SEE TEXT					Gold Book
54	Tainting Substances		SPECIES D	EPENDENT (SPECIES DEPENDENT CRITERIA - SEE TEXT	TEXT	i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i			Red Book
8 3	remperature	95943					0.97 0.03	4.4 0.03 D		65FR66443 80FR36986
8 5	1, 2, 4, 3-1 cuachio ocurcus.	688733	0.46	0.063	0.37	0.010				EPA 822-F-00-008
85	2, 4, 5-Trichlorophenol	95954					1,800 300 B, D	3,600 600 B. D	ž)	65FR66443 80FR36986
59	Xylenes, Total								10, 000 L	SDWA

			Freshwater ,	Freshwater Aquatic Life	Saltwater Aquatic Life	lic Life	Human Health			
	Non Friority Pollutant	CAS	נאני	J	CMC		For Consumption of:	n of:		FR Cite/Source
			(нg/L)	(нв/С)	(µg/L)	(μg/L)	Water & Organism (µg/L)	Organism Only (µg/L)	MCL (µg/L)	
09	Uranium								30	SDWA
61	Beta particles and photon emitters				ž				4 Millirems/y	SDWA
62	Gross alpha particle activity								15 picocuries per liter	SDWA
63	Radium 226 and Radium 228 (combined)								S pCi/I	SDWA

Footnotes:

- This human health criterion is the same as originally published in the Red Book which predates the 1980 methodology and did not utilize the fish ingestion BCF approach. This same criterion value is now published in the Gold Book. K 8
 - The organoleptic effect criterion is more stringent than the value presented in the non priority pollutants table.
- possibly where a very sensitive species is important at a site, freshwater aquatic life should be protected if both conditions specified in Attachment 3 Calculation of Freshwater According to the procedures described in the Guidelines for Deriving Numerical National Water Quality Criteria for the Protection of Aquatic Organisms and Their Uses, except Ammonia Criterion are satisfied. C
- This criterion has been revised to reflect The the Environmental Protection Agency's q1* or RfD, as contained in the Integrated Risk Information System (IRIS) as of April 8, 1998. The fish tissue bioconcentration factor (BCF) used to derive the original criterion was retained in each case.
 - The derivation of this value is presented in the Red Book (EPA 440/9-76-023, July, 1976). म म
- This value is based on a 304(a) aquatic life criterion that was derived using the 1985 Guidelines (Guidelines for Deriving Numerical National Water Quality Criteria for the Protection of Aquatic Organisms and Their Uses, PB85-227049, January 1985) and was issued in the following criteria document: Chloropyrifos (EPA 440/5-86-005)
 - A more stringent Maximum Residual Disinfection Level (MRDL) has been issued by EPA under the Safe Drinking Water Act. Refer to S.C. Regulation 61-58, State Primary Drinking Water Regulations. H O
- (EPA-820-B-96-001). This value was derived using the GLI Guidelines (60FR15393-15399, March 23, 1995; 40CFR132 Appendix A); the differences between the 1985 Guidelines and the GLI Guidelines are explained on page iv of the 1995 Updates. No decision concerning this criterion was affected by any considerations that are specific to the This value is based on a 304(a) aquatic life criterion that was issued in the 1995 Updates: Water Quality Criteria Documents for the Protection of Aquatic Life in Ambient Water

- South Carolina has established some site-specific standards for pH. These site-specific standards are listed in S.C. Regulation 61-69, Classified Waters. U.S. EPA, 1976, Quality Criteria for Water 1976. コリヌ
- South Carolina has established numeric criteria in Section G for waters of the State based on the protection of warmwater and coldwater species. For the exception to be used for waters of the State that do not meet the numeric criteria established for the waterbody due to natural conditions, South Carolina has specified the allowable deficit in Section D.4. and used the following document as a source. U.S. EPA, 1986, Ambient Water Quality Criteria for Dissolved Oxygen, EPA 440/5-86-003, National Technical Information Service, Springfield, VA. South Carolina has established some site-specific standards for DO. These site-specific standards are listed in S.C. Regulation 61-69, Classified Waters.
 - This criterion is a noncarcinogen. As prescribed in Section E of this regulation, application of this criterion for determining permit effluent limitations requires the use of 7Q10 or comparable tidal condition as determined by the Department. L
- This criterion is based on an added carcinogenicity risk. As prescribed in Section E of this regulation, application of this criterion for permit effluent limitations requires the use of annual average flow or comparable tidal condition as determined by the Department.

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R.61-68 APPENDIX, Water Quality Numeric Criteria for the Protection of Aquatic Life and Human Health

Amend Attachment 2 - Parameters for Calculating Freshwater Dissolved Metals Criteria That Are Hardness-Dependent in its entirety to read:

Attachment 2 - Parameters for Calculating Freshwater Dissolved Metals Criteria That Are Hardness-Dependent

					Freshwater Conversion Factors (CF)	ctors (CF)
Chemical	Ψ	ру	ШC	bc	Acute	Chronic
Cadmium	1.0166 0.9789 A	- 3.924 3.866 A	0.7977 0.7977 A	- 4.719 3.909 A	1.136672-[ln (hardness)(0.041838)]	1.101672-[ln (hardness)(0.041838)]
Chromium III	0.8190	3.7256	0.8190	0.6848	0.316	0.860
Copper	0.9422	-1.700	0.8545	-1.702	096'0	0960
Lead	1.273	-1.460	1.273	-4.705	1.46203-[ln (hardness)(0.145712)]	1.46203-[ln (hardness)(0.145712)]
Nickel	0.8460	2.255	0.8460	0.0584	0.998	0.997
Silver	1.72	-6.52	1	1	0.85	1
Zinc	0.8473	0.884	0.8473	0.884	, 0.978	0.986

Hardness-dependent metals criteria may be calculated from the following: $CMC \ (total) = exp\{m_{\lambda} [ln(hardness)] + b_{\lambda}, or \ CCC \ (total) = exp\{m_{C} [ln(hardness)] + b_{C}\} \\ CMC \ (dissolved) = exp\{m_{\lambda} [ln(hardness)] + b_{\lambda} \ (CF), or \ CCC \ (dissolved) = exp\{m_{C} [ln(hardness)] + b_{C}\} \ (CF).$

Footnotes:

This parameter was issued by the EPA in Aquatic Life Ambient Water Quality Criteria Cadmium - 2016 (EPA-820-R-16-002).

ATTACHMENT D DRAFT STATE REGISTER NOTICE OF PROPOSED REGULATION PROPOSED AMENDMENT OF R.61-68, WATER CLASSIFICATIONS AND STANDARDS September 8, 2016

Document No. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND ENVIRONMENTAL CONTROL CHAPTER 61

Statutory Authority: 1976 Code Section 48-1-10 et seq.

R.61-68, Water Classifications and Standards

Preamble:

The Department proposes to amend R.61-68 to strengthen and improve the existing regulation and make appropriate revisions of the State's water quality standards in accordance with 33 U.S.C. Section 303(c)(2)(B) of the Federal Clean Water Act ("CWA"). In accordance with Section 303(c)(2)(B) of the CWA, the Department reviews, and amend at its discretion, this regulation once every three years in order to incorporate desirable most recently published Federal criterion recommendations and guidance. Hence, this review process is often referred to as the "triennial review." The Department proposes to adopt a revised standard for ambient water quality criteria for the protection of human health for ninety-four chemical pollutants, and a revised standard for aquatic life water quality criteria for cadmium to reflect the most current final published criteria in accordance with Sections 304(a) and 307(a) of the CWA.

A Notice of Drafting was published in the State Register on February 26, 2016. The notice was placed on the Department's water quality standards webpage and circulated to stakeholders and other interested parties. The Notice of Drafting was also published on the Department's Regulatory Page in its DHEC Regulation Development Update. Comments were received and used in the drafting of the proposed regulation.

Discussion of Proposed Revisions

The Discussion of Proposed Revisions is submitted as Attachment B and is omitted here to conserve space in the agenda item.

Notice of Staff Informational Forum and Public Comment Period:

Staff of the Department of Health and Environmental Control invites the public and regulated community to attend a staff-conducted informational forum to be held on October 24, 2016, at 1:00 p.m. in Peeples Auditorium, third floor of the Sims Building at the South Carolina Department of Health and Environmental Control, 2600 Bull Street, Columbia, SC. The purpose of the forum is to answer questions, clarify any issues, and receive comments from interested persons on the proposed amendments to R.61-68, Water Classifications and Standards.

Interested persons are also provided an opportunity to submit written comments on the proposed amendments by writing to Andrew Edwards at Bureau of Water, South Carolina Department of Health and Environmental Control, 2600 Bull Street, Columbia, SC 29201; by email at edwardaj@dhec.sc.gov or fax at (803) 898-4215.

Comments received at the forum and/or submitted in writing by the close of the comment period on October 24, 2016, no later than 5:00 p.m. shall be considered by staff in formulating the final proposed regulations for public hearing on December 8, 2016, as noticed below. Comments received shall be submitted in a Summary

of Public Comments and Department Responses for the Board of Health and Environmental Control's consideration at the public hearing.

Copies of the proposed amendments for public comment as published in the State Register on September 23, 2016, may be obtained in the Department's Regulation Development Update on the Department's Regulatory Internet site under the Water category at: http://www.dhec.sc.gov/Agency/RegulationsAnd-Updates/RegulationDevelopmentUpdates/. A copy can also be obtained by contacting Andrew Edwards, Water Quality Standards Coordinator at the above address or by calling (803) 898-1271, or by email at edwardaj@dhec.sc.gov.

Notice of Public Hearing and Opportunity for Public Comment:

Interested members of the public and regulated community are invited to make oral or written comments on the proposed amendments to R.61-68, Water Classifications and Standards at a public hearing to be conducted by the Board of the Department of Health and Environmental Control at its regularly scheduled meeting on December 8, 2016, at 10:00 a.m. The public hearing will be held in room 3420 (Board Room), Third Floor, Aycock Building of the South Carolina Department of Health and Environmental Control, 2600 Bull Street, Columbia, South Carolina. Notice of cancellation or any change in meeting times will be noticed in the Board meeting agenda at least 24 hours in advance of the meeting. The Board agenda is published by the Department Control and can be accessed on the Environmental Health and http://www.scdhec.gov/Agency/docs/AGENDA.pdf. Information on the public hearing can be obtained by calling the Clerk of the Board at (803) 898-3309. Persons desiring to make oral comments at the hearing are asked to limit their statements to five minutes or less and, as a courtesy, are asked to provide written copies of their presentation for the record. Due to admittance procedures at the DHEC Building, all visitors should enter through the Bull Street entrance and register at the front desk.

Preliminary Fiscal Impact Statement:

No costs to the State or significant cost to its political subdivisions as a whole should be incurred by these amendments. See Statement of Need and Reasonableness below.

Statement of Need and Reasonableness:

The Statement of Need and Reasonableness is submitted as Attachment A and is omitted here to conserve space in the agenda item.

Statement of Rationale:

The Statement of Rationale is submitted as Attachment A and is omitted here to conserve space in the agenda item.

Text of Proposed Amendment for Public Notice and Comment

The Text of the Proposed Amendment for Public Notice and Comment is submitted as Attachment C and is omitted here to conserve space in the agenda item.

ATTACHMENT E SUMMARY OF PUBLIC COMMENTS DEPARTMENTAL RESPONSES FOR THE REVISION OF

Regulation 61-68, Water Classifications and Standards September 8, 2016

Deletions are shown with Strikethrough print. Additions are shown with <u>Underline</u> print.

Comment #1:

Reference & Topic:	Commenter:
Nutrient Standards	Chris Starker, Upstate Forever
Nutrient Standards	Gerritt Jöbsis, American Rivers
	Ann S. Timberlake, Conservaton Voters of South Carolina
1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Bill Stangler, Congaree Riverkeeper
	Emma Gerald Boyer, Waccamaw Riverkeeper
	Katie Zimmerman, Coastal Conservation League

Comments Received:

The Department should establish instream nutrient standards in order to more fully protect surface waters.

Department Response to Comment #1

The Department completed the process of promulgating numeric nutrient criteria for lakes of forty acres or more in 2001. These lake standards are implemented with TMDLs and permit limits on dischargers to protect those downstream uses (lakes).

The Department has a phased nutrient promulgation schedule to focus initially on criteria for estuaries and then develop criteria for rivers and streams. The Department currently plans to move forward with numeric nutrient criteria for estuaries during 2017 and will address rivers and streams during the subsequent triennial review period. The reason for focusing initially on criteria for estuaries is that we believe we have gathered substantial data to support that effort and this data is currently lacking to support the development of nutrient criteria for rivers and streams. This phased approach is part of a plan submitted to EPA consistent with the CWA. The Department proposes no changes to Regulation 61-68 at this time.

Comment #2:

Reference & Topic:	Commenter:
Flow Standards	Chris Starker, Upstate Forever
	Gerritt Jöbsis, American Rivers
	Ann S. Timberlake, Conservaton Voters of South Carolina
	Bill Stangler, Congaree Riverkeeper
	Emma Gerald Boyer, Waccamaw Riverkeeper
	Katie Zimmerman, Coastal Conservation League

Comments Received:

The Department should develop narrative and numeric standards for stream flow that would fully protect the waters of the State. The Department should convene a stakeholder group to develop narrative and numeric standards for stream flow as part of the 2016 Triennial Review.

Department Response to Comment #2

South Carolina, under the South Carolina Surface Water Withdrawal, Permitting Use, and Reporting Act, effective January 1, 2011, has already set protective stream flow criteria and a permitting program for water withdrawals and uses of surface waters. This has previously been addressed within the scope of Regulation 61-119, Surface Water Withdrawal, Permitting, and Reporting.

Comment #3:

Reference & Topic:	Commenter:
Updated Human Health Criteria	Chris Starker, Upstate Forever
орашов танин танин т	Gerritt Jöbsis, American Rivers
	Ann S. Timberlake, Conservaton Voters of South Carolina
	Bill Stangler, Congaree Riverkeeper
	Emma Gerald Boyer, Waccamaw Riverkeeper
	Katie Zimmerman, Coastal Conservation League

Comments Received:

The Department should update ambient water quality criteria for chemical pollutants.

Department Response to Comment #3

The Department proposes amending the text of Regulation 61-68 APPENDIX, Water Quality Numeric Criteria for the Protection of Human Health to include the updated criteria for the 94 chemical pollutants. The text of the proposed amendment is submitted as Attachment C.

Comment #4:

Reference & Topic:	Commenter:
Water Quality Standards Regulation	Chris Starker, Upstate Forever
	Gerritt Jöbsis, American Rivers
	Ann S. Timberlake, Conservaton Voters of South Carolina
	Bill Stangler, Congaree Riverkeeper
	Emma Gerald Boyer, Waccamaw Riverkeeper
	Katie Zimmerman, Coastal Conservation League

Comments Received:

The Department should review and revise Water Quality Standards to improve the effectiveness in restoring and maintaining water quality in waters of the U.S. for consistency with recent EPA regulations.

Department Response to Comment #4

The Department has reviewed Water Quality Standard Regulatory Revisions and determined that no changes to Regulation 61-68 are necessary in order to stay current with EPAs recent regulation.

Comment #5:

Reference & Topic: Shem Creek Reclassification	Commenter: Andrew Wunderley, Esq., Charleston Waterkeeper Cheryl Carmack
Comments Received:	

The Department should reclassify Shem Creek from Class SB to Class SA. Class SA affords a stronger safeguard for primary and secondary recreational uses that is more protective of public health and safety. Shem Creek's current uses are now dominated by primary and secondary contact recreation.

Department Response to Comment #5

The Department will consider this request for reclassification outside the scope of this triennial review.

Comment #6:

Reference & Topic: Beach Action Value	Commenter: Andrew Wunderley, Esq., Charleston Waterkeeper Cheryl Carmack
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Comments Received:

The Department should adopt the bright-line standard for ocean beach swim advisories prescribed in Regulation 61-68(E)(14)(d)(5). The Department's quality assurance project plan for its Beach Monitoring Program outlines a two-step process for issuing a swim advisory. An advisory is only issued automatically when a single sample exceeds 501 MPN/100 mL. Additionally, an advisory may also be issued when two consecutive samples exceed 104 MPN/100 mL. The Department's beach swim advisory rubric should be more protective of public health and safety. Establishing a bright-line advisory threshold of 104 MPN/100 mL would also bring the Department's swim advisory practice closer to the early warning Beach Action Values outlined in EPA's 2012 Recreational Water Quality Criteria. EPA's Beach Action Values of 60 and 70 MPN/100 mL are based on new epidemiological studies that provide a better picture of the risk of illness associated with swimming in contaminated water and are specifically designed for making advisory decisions.

Department Response to Comment #6

The Department's assessment of enterococci for the purposes of issuing swimming advisories uses the current standard of 104/100 mL. Any change in the process for issuing swimming advisories would be addressed in the quality assurance project plan for the Department's Beach Monitoring Program. EPA does not require states to include a Beach Action Value (BAV) in state water quality standards. The use of a BAV of 70/100 mL would result in a significant increase in the sampling effort due to resamples, with an insignificant increase in beach advisories, and therefore does not warrant the change. The Department proposes no changes to Regulation 61-68(E)(14)(d)(5).

Comment #7:

Reference & Topic: Cadmium Criteria	Commenter: Larry E. Hatcher, Duke Energy
Comments Received:	

The Department should adopt the updated recommended aquatic life ambient water quality criteria for cadmium that the EPA published on April 4, 2016.

Department Response to Comment #7

The Department proposes amending the text of Regulation 61-68 APPENDIX, Water Quality Numeric Criteria for the Protection of Aquatic Life to include the updated criteria for cadmium. The text of the proposed amendment is submitted as Attachment C.

ATTACHMENT F

STATE REGISTER NOTICE OF DRAFTING PROPOSED AMENDMENT OF R.61-68, WATER CLASSIFICATIONS AND STANDARDS February 26, 2016

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND ENVIRONMENTAL CONTROL CHAPTER 61

Statutory Authority: 1976 Code Sections 48-1-10 et seq.

Notice of Drafting:

The Department of Health and Environmental Control proposes to amend specific sections of Regulation 61-68, Water Classifications and Standards, and Regulation 61-69, Classified Waters. Interested persons are invited to submit their views and recommendations in writing to Kyle D. Maurer, Water Quality Standards Coordinator, Bureau of Water, 2600 Bull Street, Columbia, South Carolina 29201 or via e-mail at maurerkd@dhec.sc.gov. To be considered, written comments must be received no later than 5:00 p.m. on March 28, 2016, the close of the drafting comment period.

Synopsis:

Section 303(c)(2)(B) of the Federal Clean Water Act (CWA) requires that South Carolina's water quality standards be reviewed and revised, where necessary, at least once every three years for the purposes of considering the Environmental Protection Agency's (EPA) most recent numeric and narrative criteria and comply with recent Federal regulatory revisions and recommendations. This process is commonly referred to as the "triennial review," and the Department has prepared this Notice of Drafting for the required triennial review process. The Department proposes amending R.61-68 and R.61-69 with respect to the following topics:

Review and, where appropriate, adoption of updated Federal water quality criteria to reflect the most current final published numeric criteria according to Section 304(a) and Section 307(a) of the CWA. EPA has published the following numeric criteria guidance documents: Final Updated Ambient Water Quality Criteria for the Protection of Human Health, Federal Register Volume 80, Number 124 (June 2015). The June 2015 publication revised human health water quality criteria for ninety-four (94) chemical pollutants based on new assumptions for exposure inputs (body weight, drinking water consumption, and fish consumption), bioaccumulation factors, toxicity values, and relative source contributions.

Review and, where appropriate, adoption of requirements to reflect EPA's Final Rulemaking to Update the National Water Quality Standards Regulation. The final rule was published in the Federal Register on August 21, 2015 (80 FR 51019) and may be found in 40 CFR 131. The State's currently promulgated Water Quality Standards meet the requirements of the rulemaking.

The Department may make additional changes consistent with the goals of the Clean Water Act. The Department may also make stylistic changes to amend both regulations for internal consistency; clarification in wording; corrections of references, grammatical errors, outlining/codification and such other changes as may be necessary to improve the overall quality of the regulation pursuant to regulation drafting standards required by the Legislative Council.

Legislative review will be required.